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SYNTHESIS OF PERLOLIDINE

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Periolidine, a minor alkaloid of rye-grass Lolium perenne (1), has been assigned the 2,9-diasaphenanthrene structure (Ia) by Jeffreys, Sim et.sl. (2). We have synthesized periolidine in 45% overall yield utilizing a general method for substituted 2-pyridones developed by Thesing and Muller (3).

o-Nitrocinnamaldehyde was condensed with acetamido-pyridinium chloride to give 4-(o-nitrophenyl)-2-pyridone (IIa) in 75% yield, m.p. 211-12°, om 1
2500-3000(NH), 1666(C=0), 1335, 1560 (NO₂). Iron aqueous/ethanol reduced (IIa) to the smine (IIb), m.p. 236-7°, om 1
3400, 3280 (NH), 1660(C=0), which with formic acid treatment afforded the N-formyl derivative (IIc), m.p. 245-7°, om 1
3280(NH), 2500-3000 (NH of pyridone), 1690, 1650

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(Amide I and II), 1660(C=0 of pyridone). Cyclisation of (IIc) might have given either (Ia) or III), since both the 3 and 5 positions of pyridones readily undergo electrophilic substitution. In fact with a melt of sodium and aluminium chlorides at 200° we obtained only one product in 70% yield, m.p. 332-4° d., identical (mixed m.p., IR and R_f) with an authentic sample of periodidine kindly provided by Dr E.P. White, (Dept of Agriculture, Ruakura, N.Z.). A similar cyclisation of the acetyl compound (IId), m.p. 264-6° gave the methyl analogue (Ib), m.p. 301-3° d., with similar properties and fluorescence to those of periodidine.

Satisfactory analyses have been obtained for all compounds.

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